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## NCERT Class 6 Solutions: Whole Numbers (Chapter 2) Exercise 2.2 - Part 1

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Q-1 Find the sum by suitable rearrangement:

1. $837+208+363$
2. $1962+453+1538+647$

Solution:
The idea is to pair the numbers so that their least significant (right-most) digits add to either 5 or better still to 10 . For example when asked to add $11+12+19$. First do $11+19=30$ (notice how the total has 0 in right-most digit). Now it is easy to $30+12=42$.

1. $837+208+363$
2. Rearrange the sum, $837+208+363=(837+363)+208$

$$
(837+363)+208=1,200+208
$$

$$
=1,408
$$

1. $1962+453+1538+647$
2. Rearrange the sum $1962+453+1538+647 \mathrm{as}(1962+1538)+(453+647)$
$(1962+1538)+(453+647)=3,500+1,100$
$=4,600$
Q-2 Find the product by suitable arrangement
3. $2 \times 1768 \times 50$
4. $4 \times 166 \times 25$
5. $8 \times 291 \times 125$
6. $625 \times 279 \times 16$
7. $285 \times 5 \times 60$
8. $125 \times 40 \times 8 \times 25$

Solution:

The idea is to pair the numbers so that a number ending in 5 is multiplied with an even number. This would produce 0 in the least significant. For example when asked to calculate $15 \times 7 \times 12$. First do $15 \times 12=180$ (notice how the total has 0 in right-most digit) . Now it is easy to do $180 \times 7=1260$ (we could ignore the zero, then multiply and then add back the zero) .


1. $2 \times 1768 \times 50$
$2 \times 1768 \times 50=(2 \times 50) \times 1768$
$=100 \times 1768$
$=1,76,800$
2. $4 \times 166 \times 25$
$4 \times 166 \times 25=(4 \times 25) \times 166$
$=100 \times 166$
$=16,600$

Note here we choose to multiply 4 with 25 (even though 166 was also even), this was because we got 100 makes it very easy to multiply further.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 1. } 8 \times 291 \times 125 \\
& 8 \times 291 \times 125=(8 \times 125) \times 291 \\
& =1000 \times 291 \\
& =2,91,000
\end{aligned}
$$

Here 8 is even.

1. $625 \times 279 \times 16$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 625 \times 279 \times 16=(625 \times 16) \times 279 \\
& =10,000 \times 279 \\
& =2,790,000
\end{aligned}
$$

Here 16 is even.

1. $285 \times 5 \times 60$
$285 \times 5 \times 60=285 \times(5 \times 60)$
$=285 \times 300$
$=85,500$
Here 60 is the even number.
2. $125 \times 40 \times 8 \times 25$
$125 \times 40 \times 8 \times 25=(125 \times 8) \times(40 \times 25)$
$=1000 \times 1000$
$=10,00,000$
We know that product of 8 and 125 is 1000 and so we make a pair out of them. We also know that 4 multiplied with 25 would be 100 so product of 40 and 25 would also be 1000 .

Q-3 Find the value of the following:

1. $297 \times 17+297 \times 3$
2. $54279 \times 92+8 \times 54279$
3. $81265 \times 169-81265 \times 69$
4. $3845 \times 5 \times 782+769 \times 25 \times 218$

Solution:
You can distribute multiplication over addition and subtraction:


## $a(b+c)=a b+a c$ <br> 

You distribute the a to the b and, then you distribute the a to the c .


You distribute the a to the b and, then you distribute the a to the c .

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 1. } 297 \times 17+297 \times 3 \\
& =297 \times(17+3) \\
& =297 \times 20 \\
& =5,940 \\
& \text { 1. } 54279 \times 92+8 \times 54279 \\
& =54279 \times(92+8) \\
& =54279 \times 100 \\
& =54,27,900 \\
& \text { 1. } 81265 \times 169-81265 \times 69 \\
& =81265 \times(169-69) \\
& =81265 \times 100 \\
& =81,26,500 \\
& \text { 1. } 3845 \times 5 \times 782+769 \times 25 \times 218 \\
& =(3845 \times 5) \times 782+(769 \times 25) \times 218 \\
& =(19225) \times 782+(19225) \times 218 \\
& =19225 \times(782+218) \\
& =19225 \times 1000 \\
& =1,92,25,000
\end{aligned}
$$

