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Social Science Class 7 Major Test 8 Questions and Answers Paper Part 1

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| Section-A |
|---|
| 1. The periodic rise and fall of ocean water twice in a day is called — |
| (1) Wave |
| (2) Tsunami |
| (3) Tide |
| (4) Ocean Current |
| Ans: 3 |
| 2. Banjaras were the most important during the medieval period. |
| (1) Rulers |
| (2) Caste |
| (3) Tribe |
| (4) Trader Nomads |
| Ans: 3 |
| 3. According to the doctrine of Advaitavada |
| (1) God is Mysterious |
| (2) God is unique |
| (3) God is knowledge |
| (4) God is everywhere |
| Ans: 2 |
| 4. The 'Right to Information Act was enacted in |
| (1) 1995 |
| (2) 1947 |
| (3) 1850 |

(4)2005

| Ans: 4 |
|---|
| 5. The instrument used to measure the speed of wind is called |
| (1) Anemometer |
| (2) Thermometer |
| (3) Wind Vane |
| (4) Barometer |
| Ans: 1 |
| 6. Evergreen trees yield which is very useful in making furniture, matchsticks. |
| (1) Thorny wood |
| (2) Softwood |
| (3) Hardwood |
| (4) None of these |
| Ans: 3 |
| 7. The first Persian Sanskrit dictionary was |
| (1) Sanskrit Prakash |
| (2) Oxford Dictionary |
| (3) Parsi Prakash |
| (4) None of these |
| Ans: 3 |
| 8. Specialty shops deal in |
| (1) All products needed for day to day use |
| (2) Many different kinds of goods |
| (3) A particular product |
| (4) Precious stones such as diamonds |
| Ans: 3 |
| 9. The arrangement between the merchant and the weavers is an example of |
| (1) Barter System |
| (2) Putting out system |
| (3) Trading system |
| (4) All of these |

Ans: 2

| 10. The Tawa Mistaya Sangh was formed in the state of |
|--|
| (1) Odisha |
| (2) Karnataka |
| (3) Gujarat |
| (4) Madhya Pradesh |
| Ans: 4 |
| 11. Large areas of smooth bare rocks are called |
| (1) Compass |
| (2) Hamada |
| (3) Erg |
| (4) None of these |
| Ans: 2 |
| 12. The river Brahmaputra is known as in Tibet. |
| (1) Tsangpo |
| (2) Jamuna |
| (3) Congo |
| (4) Hwang Ho |
| Ans: 2 |
| 13. The temperate grasslands in North America are called — |
| (1) Velds |
| (2) Pampas |
| (3) Prairies |
| (4) None of these |
| Ans: 3 |
| 14. Who translated Ramayana into Tamil '? |
| (1) Somdev |
| (2) Jayadev |
| (3) Pampa |
| (4) Kamban |
| Ans: 4 |

15. Erode district is famous for -

| (I) Iron |
|---|
| (2) Textile |
| (3) Diamond |
| (4) Petroleum |
| Ans: 2 |
| 16. Emi Kousi is the highest peak in — |
| (1) Sahara |
| (2) Gohi |
| (3) Thar |
| (4) Hermis |
| Ans: 1 |
| 17. Television and Internet are called — |
| (1) Print Media |
| (2) Electronic Media |
| (3) Light houses of Democracy |
| (4) None of these |
| Ans: 2 |
| 18. In which year Project Tiger was launched? |
| (1) 1970 - 71 |
| (2) 1971 - 72 |
| (3) 1972 - 73 |
| (4) 1973 - 74 |
| Ans: 3 |
| 19. Mir Sayid Au was a famous painter during — reign. |
| (1) Shah Jahan's |
| (2) Akbar's |
| (3) Aurangzeb's |
| (4) None of these |
| Ans: 1 |
| 20. Match column I with column II. |

| Column-1 | Column II | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| A. Erg | p. Vast stretches of sand | |
| B. Reg | q. Pebbles and gravel | |
| C. Hamada | r. Bare bedrocks | |
| D. Bedouins | s. Tribe | |
| Match Column I with Column II | | |

(1)
$$A - r$$
, $B - p$, $C - q$, $D - s$

(3)
$$A - p$$
, $B - q$, $C - r$, $D - s$

Ans: 3