# NCERT Class 6 History Chapter 9: Vital Villages, Thriving Towns

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#### Iron Tools

- Around 3000 years ago
- Found in megalithic burials
- Axes and iron ploughshare

## Irrigation

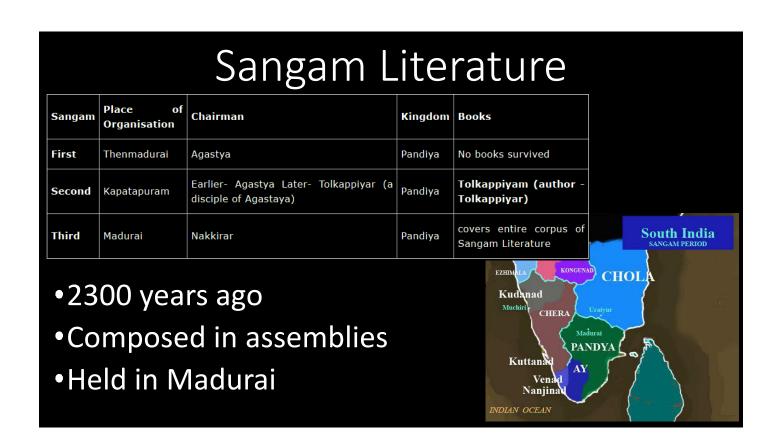
- Canals, wells, tanks, and artificial lakes
- More production
- More revenue
- Can pay taxes

## Village Life - South

- Large landowners: vellalar
- Ordinary ploughmen: uzhavar
- •Landless labourers & slaves: kadaisiyar & adimai

## Village Life - North

- Headman: Grama bhojaka Large Landowner hired slaves, taxed, acted as judge
- Independent farmers: Grihapatis
- Dasas & Kammakaras



### Life in Cities

- Jatakas: Stories by local people (STORY)
- Written down by Buddhist Monks
- Sculptor carved scenes
- Capitals of Mahajanpadas
- Rows of pots or ring wells (used as toilets, garbage dumps)
- No remains of palaces, markets and homes made of wood or mud
- Account of travelers and sailors

#### Coins

Earliest – Punched marked (Silver or copper)



#### Crafts

- Northern Black Polished Ware
- Craft associations: Shrenis



#### Arikamedu

- Pottery: Mediterranean region amphorae (tall double-handled jars that contained liquids)
- •Stamped red-glazed pottery: Arretine Ware named after city in Italy.
- Pottery Roman designs, Roman lamps, glassware and gems.
- Small tank to dye cloths

#### Rome

- Contemporary to Ganga valley
- Capital of empires Europe, North Africa, and West Asia
- Augustus Emperor (made city of brick to marble)
- Amphitheaters & open arenas
- Huge aqueducts channels to supply water for baths, fountains and toilets.

