

Examrace

Competitive Exams: Sociology MCQs (Practice_Test 75 of 95)

Glide to success with Doorsteptutor material for competitive exams : [get questions, notes, tests, video lectures and more](#)- for all subjects of your exam.

1. There are three stages of development of Society, namely savagery barbarism and civilization, according to:
 - a. Darwin
 - b. Morgan
 - c. Spencer
 - d. Bachofen
2. When cultural norms and values are transmitted from generation to generation, the process is called
 - a. cultural reproduction
 - b. acculturation
 - c. cultural diffusion
 - d. cultural stimulation
3. Kroeber reported that an American Indian seeing the advantages of writing through contact with the whites invented a system called syllabary with eighty six symbols. This is an example of:
 - a. discontinuous diffusion
 - b. acculturation
 - c. diffuseness
 - d. stimulus diffusion
4. When a person believes that his culture is superior to other cultures, it is called
 - a. ethnicity
 - b. ethnocentrism
 - c. cultural snobbery
 - d. cultural relativism

5. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer by using the codes given below the lists:

List-I	List-II
A. A daughter-in-law covers her head in the presence of her father-in-law	1. Affectual
B. Action guided by ethical or aesthetic considerations	2. Wert rational
C. Actions arising out of spontaneous excitement	3. Zweck rational
D. A worker takes up a job in order to earn money with a view to meeting his needs	4. Traditional

A B C D

- a. 1 2 4 3
- b. 1 3 4 2
- c. 4 3 1 2
- d. 4 2 1 3
6. The subsystems of action as developed by Parsons include:
- social system, cultural system and personality system
 - social system, political system and cultural system
 - cultural system, political system and economic system
 - economic system, social system and biological system
7. Role conflict arises when:
- an individual has to perform a number of roles simultaneously
 - an individual has to perform a role which is socially not approved
 - an individual has to perform two roles incompatible with one another
 - the performance of a role pushes the individual into conflict with other individuals
8. The view that the tribal people should be allowed to retain their special characteristics while becoming a part of the mainstream, is known as:
- cultural relativism

- b. acculturation
 - c. assimilation
 - d. isolationism
9. Who among the following used the distinction between the repressive and the restitutive law as the basis for classifying societies?
- a. Max Weber
 - b. Henri Maine
 - c. Montesque
 - d. Emile Durkheim
10. Which of the following characteristics used for defining a law?
- a. A rule
 - b. Justice
 - c. Political authority
 - d. State power

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

- a. 1,2 and 3
 - b. 2 and 4
 - c. 1,3 and 4
 - d. 2,3 and 4
11. People who have similar incomes or are alike in other ways such as age, occupation and education are sociologically known as
- a. social categories
 - b. quasi-groups
 - c. social classes
 - d. secondary groups
12. Consider the following groups:
- a. A political party of one's choice
 - b. One's religion
 - c. One's enemy
 - d. One's favourite teacher

Among these groups, reference include group (s) would

- a. 1,2, 3 and 4
- b. 1,3 and 4
- c. 2 and 4
- d. 2 alone

13. Which one of the following does not represent ascribed status?

- a. A father
- b. A priest
- c. A brahmin
- d. An eta

14. The concept of recruitment roles was used by:

- a. Ralph Linton
- b. Talcott Parsons
- c. S F Nadel
- d. E Hoffman

15. Which one of the following concepts implies that each social status involves not a single associated role but an array of roles?

- a. Multiple roles
- b. Status sequence
- c. Status-set
- d. Role-set