

Examrace: Downloaded from examrace.com [https://www.examrace.com/]

For solved question bank visit [doorsteptutor.com](https://www.doorsteptutor.com)

[https://www.doorsteptutor.com] and for free video lectures visit [Examrace](https://www.examrace.com)
[YouTube Channel \[https://youtube.com/c/Examrace/\]](https://youtube.com/c/Examrace/)

NET, IAS, State-SET (KSET, WBSET, MPSET, etc.), GATE, CUET, Olympiads etc.: Sociology MCQs (Practice_Test 73 of 95)

Glide to success with Doorsteptutor material for competitive exams : [get questions, notes, tests, video lectures and more \[https://www.doorsteptutor.com/\]](https://www.doorsteptutor.com/) - for all subjects of your exam.

1. Which one of the following measures of fertility can be computed from data on sex and age alone from a single census?
 - a. Child-woman ratio
 - b. Total fertility rate
 - c. Crude birth rate
 - d. Age specific fertility rate
2. Which of the following pair (s) is/are correctly matched?
 - a.
 - Match Item 1: Variation in mortality with age 'J' represents a shaped curve
 - Match Item 2: Characteristic of developed countries.
 - Match Item 1: Concept of proximate variables of fertility
 - Match Item 2: Contribution of K Davis and Judith Blake.
 - b.
 - Match Item 1: Variation in mortality represents a 'U' shaped curve
 - Match Item 2: Characteristic of underdeveloped countries.
 - Match Item 1: Net Reproduction Rate (NRR) is equal to one
 - Match Item 2: A stagnant population.
- o Select the correct answer from the codes given below:
 - a. 2 and 3
 - b. 1 and 3
 - c. 1,2 and 4
 - d. 4 alone
3. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer by using the codes given below the lists:

List-I (Demographic features as per 1991 census)	List-II (States/UT)
a. Most populous state of India	a. Kerala
b. Ranked first among states in literacy	b. Nagal

c. Had the highest population rate in 1981 – 91 decade

d. Had the highest population density in the country

c. UttarPradesh

d. Bihar

e. Delhi

Table Supporting: NET, IAS, State-SET (KSET, WBSET, MPSET, Etc.) , GATE, CUET, Olympiads Etc. : Sociology MCQs

(Practice_Test 73 of 95)

D

1234 4153

ABC 1125 3524

4. The practice of levirate is found in
 - a. matrilineal societies
 - b. patrilineal societies
 - c. bi-lineal societies
 - d. all the above societies
5. A kibbutzim is:
 - a. a tribal dance
 - b. community of economically equal families
 - c. garo term for extended family
 - d. a religious sect of Mexico
6. The term phratry refers to:
 - a. clustering of several clans into exogamous blocks
 - b. grouping of nuclear families in a common household
 - c. followers of animistic religion
 - d. a dyad of kula exchange partners
7. Which one of the following kinship terms indicates that father's sisters is given greater importance than the mother?
 - a. Amitate
 - b. Couvade
 - c. Avunculate
 - d. Teknonymy
8. Which one of the following pairs of concept and definition is correctly matched?
 - a. ■ Match Item 1: Exogamy
 - Match Item 2: A rule requiring a person to choose a mate from the same community
 - Match Item 1: Kin

- Match Item 2: People who are related either by blood or by marriage
- b. ■ Match Item 1: Endogamy
 - Match Item 2: A rule requiring a person to marry outside his clan
 - Match Item 1: Patrilocal family
 - Match Item 2: A family in which persons belong to their father's lineage
- 9. In double descent system, one inherits property from:
 - a. father's matrilineal relatives and mother's patrilineal relatives
 - b. father's patrilineal relatives and mother's matrilineal relatives
 - c. father's patrilineal and matrilineal relatives
 - d. mother's matrilineal and patrilineal relatives
- 10. Practice of couvade refers to
 - a. marriage with deceased wife's sister
 - b. impurity related to child birth
 - c. simulation of pregnancy by the husband
 - d. promiscuity
- 11.
 - **Assertion (A)** : Protests by Scheduled Castes against the practice of untouchability and atrocities have increased.
 - **Reason (R)** : Their action have stirred the government machinery to enforce law and order strictly.
 - a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - b. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 - c. A is true but R is false
 - d. A is false but R is true
 - **Assertion (A)** : In pre-independence India, backward classes ' movement was never strong enough to affect the whole country.
 - **Reason (R)** : The various backward classes had serious internal differences and could never work together.
 - a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - b. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 - c. A is true but R is false
 - d. A is false but R is true
- 12.
 - **Assertion (A)** : The Telangana Movement is one of the importance militant peasant movement in India.
 - **Reason (R)** : Indian National Congress gave it effective leadership.
 - a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - b. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

c. A is true but R is false

d. A is false but R is true

- o **Assertion (A)** : The higher the job opportunities for female population in the paid labour market, the higher the rate of acceptance of family planning.

- o **Reason (R)** : Opportunity and cost of child is directly proportional to the employment status of mother.

a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

b. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

c. A is true but R is false

d. A is false but R is true

13. Assertion (A) : According to the World Health Organization (WHO) , in 1993, there were

14. 5 million deaths due to infectious disease world wide. Reason (R) : Urbanization without health planning leads to the spread of diseases.

a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

b. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

c. A is true but R is false

d. A is false but R is true