

Examrace

Competitive Exams: Psychology MCQs (Practice_Test 5 of 68)

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1. ◦ **Assertion (A)** : Poor nutrition may delay the process of maturation but proper nutrition will not necessarily speed it up:
 - **Reason (R)** : Maturation is lately dependent upon environmental factors.
 - a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - b. Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A
 - c. A is true but R is false
 - d. A is false but R is true
2. ◦ **Assertion (A)** : Performance of a person is a function of his motivational level.
 - **Reason (R)** : There is a linear relationship between arousal and performance.
 - a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - b. Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A
 - c. A is true but R is false
 - d. A is false but R is true
3. ◦ **Assertion (A)** : Frustration leads to aggression in some people.
 - **Reason (R)** : Some people use aggression as a coping mechanism
 - a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - b. Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A
 - c. A is true but R is false
 - d. A is false but R is true
4. ◦ **Assertion (A)** : When a response is conditioned under intermittent reinforcements, it is more difficult to extinguish such a response in comparison to the response conditioned under continuous reinforcement.
 - **Reason (R)** : On reinforced trials, the interfering-frustrative responses become extinguished.

- a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - b. Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A
 - c. A is true but R is false
 - d. A is false but R is true
5. ◦ **Assertion (A)** : Retroactive inhibition is an example of negative transfer.
- **Reason (R)** : Forgetting increases with lapse of time.
 - a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - b. Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A
 - c. A is true but R is false
 - d. A is false but R is true
6. ◦ **Assertion (A)** : When individuals are in a group, a social norm often emerges so that individuals perceive more or less in a similar manner.
- **Reason (R)** : Perceptions are directly or indirectly shaped by our social experiences.
 - a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - b. Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A
 - c. A is true but R is false
 - d. A is false but R is true
7. ◦ **Assertion (A)** : In comparison to rich children, poor children tend to perceive coins as larger.
- **Reason (R)** : For economically deprived children, coin has relatively greater value.
 - a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - b. Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A
 - c. A is true but R is false
 - d. A is false but R is true
8. ◦ **Assertion (A)** : Eidetic imagery is rare in adults.
- **Reason (R)** : The loss in eidetic imagery may be related to the development of abstract thinking.
 - a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - b. Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A

- c. A is true but R is false
- d. A is false but R is true
9. ◦ **Assertion (A)** : The old people have remarkable vocabulary and storage of knowledge.
- **Reason (R)** : Crystallized intelligence of a person increases upto the age of seventy.
- a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- b. Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A
- c. A is true but R is false
- d. A is false but R is true
10. ◦ **Assertion (A)** : Many children develop the habit of nail-biting.
- **Reason (R)** : Maternal deprivation affects child's personality development
- a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- b. Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A
- c. A is true but R is false
- d. A is false but R is true
11. ◦ **Assertion (A)** : Recent research on attitude change shows that both men and women are equally susceptible to persuasion in matters that are less familiar to them.
- **Reason (R)** : People generate more counterarguments to a message with which they are more familiar.
- a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- b. Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A
- c. A is true but R is false
- d. A is false but R is true
12. ◦ **Assertion (A)** : Meaning of speech is understood through morphemes.
- **Reason (R)** : Morphemes are the smallest units of meaning in speech perception.
- a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- b. Both A and R are true but R is NOT the correct explanation of A
- c. A is true but R is false
- d. A is false but R is true

13. Which one of the following is the crux of Comparative Psychology?
- a. Comparison of cultural groups
 - b. Twin studies
 - c. Comparison of behaviour across the phylogenetic scale
 - d. Generalization from animal behaviour to human level
14. Which one of the following theories rests on the statistical decision theory?
- a. Information theory
 - b. Two-factor theory of intelligence
 - c. Signal detection theory
 - d. Opponent-process theory of emotion
15. Which one of the following is an example of unobtrusive measure in studying job dissatisfaction?
- a. Questionnaire responses
 - b. Participant observation
 - c. Graffiti
 - d. Peer ratings

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