

## Examrace

### Competitive Exams: Medical Science MCQs (Practice\_Test 25 of 135)

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1. Which of the following cranial nerves is not directly related to the eye?
  - a. II
  - b. III
  - c. VI
  - d. VII

Answer: d

2. Which of the following cranial nerves can cause movement of trapezius muscle?
  - a. IV
  - b. VII
  - c. X
  - d. XI

Answer: d

3. Which of the following cranial nerves causes sensation to  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the tongue?
  - a. IV
  - b. VII
  - c. X
  - d. XI

Answer: b

4. Which of the following cranial nerves can be directly linked to respiratory and cardiac dysfunction?
  - a. IV
  - b. VII

- c. X
- d. XI

Answer: c

5. Which of the following cranial nerves can be directly linked to ptosis?

- a. III
- b. IV
- c. V
- d. VI

Answer: b

6. Which of the following cranial nerves can be directly linked to diplopia?

- a. III
- b. IV
- c. V
- d. VI

Answer: b

7. Which of the following is another name for cranial nerve IX?

- a. Trochlear
- b. Vestibulocochlear
- c. Hypoglossal
- d. Glossopharyngeal

Answer: d

8. Athetosis type movements are often identified with a \_\_\_\_\_ lesion.

- a. Midbrain
- b. Basal ganglia
- c. Subthalamic
- d. Thalamus

Answer: b

9. Changes in personality and judgment are often associated with a \_\_\_\_\_ lesion.

- a. Frontal lobe

- b. Parietal lobe
- c. Broca's area
- d. Wernicke's area

Answer: a

10. Changes in motor aphasia are often associated with a \_\_\_\_\_ lesion.
- a. Frontal lobe
  - b. Parietal lobe
  - c. Broca's area
  - d. Wernicke's area

Answer: c

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