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NET, IAS, State-SET (KSET, WBSET, MPSET, etc.), GATE, CUET, Olympiads etc.: Economics MCQs (Practice\_Test 41 of 122)

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- 1. Which one of the following agencies in India is responsible for computation of national income?
  - a. NCAER
  - b. CSO
  - c. NSS
  - d. RBI
- 2. What is the approximate share of the agricultural sector the total employment in India?
  - a. 65 percent
  - b. 50 percent
  - c. 45 percent
  - d. 40 percent
- 3. The revised annual GDP-growth rate for the Ninth Plan period is
  - a. 7.0 percent
  - b. 6.5 percent
  - c. 6.0 percent
  - d. 5.5 percent
- 4. Which one of the following finally approves the Five Year Plans in India?
  - a. Union Cabinet
  - b. Planning Commission
  - c. National Development council
  - d. Parliamentary Committee on Planning
- 5. Math List I with List II and select the correct answer:

List-I	List-II
a. 73 <sup>rd</sup> Constitutional Amendment Act b. Narasimhan committee	a. Infrastructural Development b. Financial

- c. Disinvestment commission
- d. Rakesh Mohan committee

- c. Panchayati Raj
- d. Public Sector Enterprises

Table Supporting: NET, IAS, State-SET (KSET, WBSET, MPSET, Etc.), GATE, CUET, Olympiads Etc.: Economics MCQs

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- 6. Which one of the Five Year Plans of India was terminated before its targeted data of completion?
  - a. third Five Year Plan
  - b. fourth Five Year Plan
  - c. Fifth Five Year Plan
  - d. sixth Five Year Plan
- 7. Which one of the following statements is correct in the context of the role of the market under planning?
  - a. The market has a vital role under planning in a mixed economy
  - b. the market mechanism and planning cannot go together
  - the planners decides the allocation of resources, but the market decides prices decisively.
  - d. The planners decide the prices, but the
  - Market decided the allocation of resources
- 8. The 'Year of Great divide' with regard to population growth in India is
  - a. 1911
  - b. 1921
  - c. 1947
  - d. 1971
- 9. In India during the British rule, railways were developed for:
  - a. creating better infrastructure for the development of the Indian economy
  - b. the export of raw materials from India to England for British Industries
  - c. Providing better transport facilities to Indians
  - d. developing trade and commerce in
  - India
- 10. The 'Drain Theory' about poverty in India is associated with
  - a. M. Viswesaraiah

- b. V. K. R. V. Rao
- c. Dadabhai Naoroji
- d. Subhas Chandra Bose
- 11. Over the plan era, the relative share of areas under foodgrains in gross cropped area in India
  - a. decreased
  - b. increased
  - c. remained the same
  - d. decreased initially and then increased
- 12. Which one of the following statements most appropriately describes the nature of the Green Revaluation?
  - a. intensive cultivation of green vegetable
  - b. intensive agricultural district programme
  - c. high-yielding varieties programme
  - d. seed-fertilizer-water technology
- 13. The major function of NABARD is to
  - a. give loans to the public
  - b. accept deposits from the public
  - c. give loans to commercial banks and regional rural banks for the development of the rural sector
  - d. deal in government securities
- 14. Consider the following statements: Procurement of food grains at support prices
  - a. ensures stability in farm prices.
  - b. ensures remunerative prices to farmers.
  - c. helps building public stocks of food grains
  - Which of the above statements are correct?
    - a. 1 and 2
    - **b.** 2 and 3
    - c. 1 and 3
    - d. 1,2 and 3
- 15. The correct sequence of establishment of the following institutions in India is
  - a. SIDBI, NABARD, IDBI, IFCI
  - b. IDBI, NABARD, IFCI, SIDBI
  - c. IFCI, IDBI, NABARD, SIDBI
  - d. IFCI, SIDBI, IDBI, NABARD