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IAS History-1999 (Main)

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Paper-I

Time Allowed: Three Hours Maximum Marks: 300

Candidates should attempt Question 1 and 5 which are compulsory, and any three of the remaining questions selecting at least one question from each Section. All questions carry equal marks.

Section-A

- 1. Mark any 15 of the following on the map supplied to you and write short descriptive notes on the places plotted by you on map:
 - a. Ambek
 - b. Kanyakubj
 - c. Kishkindha
 - d. Kundalvan
 - e. Khajuraho
 - f. Gihlot
 - g. Gokul
 - h. Chidamberum
 - i. Jahazpur
 - j. Jaisalmer
 - k. Takshila
 - 1. Dwarka
 - m. Jalalabad
 - n. Nalanda
 - o. Panchwati
 - p. Pataliputra
 - g. Fatehpur Sikri
 - r. Badrinath
 - s. Behmanabad

- + . Balbrahmeshwar
- u. Bijapur
- v. Burhanpur
- w. Bairat
- x. Bhadrawati
- y. Bheetargaon
- z. Warangel
- aa. Vilaspur
- ab. Shatrunjai
- ac. Sripur
- ad. Kargil
- 2. Discuss salient features of the indus Valley Civilization. Mention important places from where relics of civilization have been recovered so far. Examine causes of its decline.
- 3. 'Harshvardhan was himself great, but he has been made greater by Ban and Yuan Chiang.' Critically examine the statement.
- 4. Examine sources of information for Mauryan dynasty. Throw light on historical significance of Ashoka's inscriptions.

Section-B

- 1. Write short essays in not more than 200 words each on any three of the following topics:
 - a. Alauddin Khilji was a typical despot
 - b. Sher Shah combined in himself qualities of lion and fox
 - c. Rana Pratap's patriotism was his only offence
 - d. Spanish ulcer ruined Napoleon Bonaparte, the Deccan ulcer ruined Aurangzeb
- 2. Critically evaluate the contribution of Rashtrakutas to art and culture.
- 3. Examine circumstances leading to rise of Shivaji. Throw light on his legacy.
- 4. Trace influence of Islam on Indian culture and civilization.

History-1999 (Main) (Paper-II)

Candidates should attempt Question 1 and 5 which are compulsory, and any three of the remaining questions selecting at least one question from each Section. All questions carry equal marks.

Section A

- 1. Comment on any three of the following statements in about 200 words each:
 - a. After 1757 there grew up a State of Bengal which was a "sponsored state" as well as a "plundered state"

- b. The British Indian State experienced the 'wind of change' with the arrival of Lord William Bentinck.
- c. The Christian Missionary propaganda from 1813 onwards was "often insensitive and wounding"
- a. The Indian Middle Class firmly believed that "Britain had imposed a colonial economy on India which had impoverished the country."
- 2. Do you believe that the uprising in 1857 was nationalist in nature? If not, what was its character?
- 3. Trace the origin and growth of the Indian Muslim League.
- 4. "Gandhi's mystique consisted of a union of original ideas with a remarkable flair for tactics and an uncanry insight m the mass mind." Elucidate.

Section B

- 1. Comment on any three of the following statements in about 200 words each:
 - a. Portugal and Spain, the pioneers in world exploration, were also first in the race to conquer overseas countries
 - *b*. To some extent, the American War of Independence inspired the French Revolution
 - c. The political unification of Germany was accomplished solely by Bismarck
 - *d*. With the proclamation in Nanking of a Chinese Republic with Sun-Yat-Sen as the President in 1911, "the old China wilted rapidly."
- 2. Trace the rise and growth of the New European Society in the inter-war period.
- 3. "Stalinist Russia was a despotic regime." Critically examine this view.
- 4. In the post-Second World War scenario friends in war did not remain friends in peace. Examine the truth of this view in the period of your study.